

GWYNETH WALKER

Songs of Ecstasy

- | | | |
|---|-----------------|----------|
| → 1. Song: "When Rain Sings Light" | (SATB divisi) | No. 7933 |
| 2. A Psalm: "The Spirit Sings" | (SATB divisi) | No. 7934 |
| 3. Stranger: "Thou Inward Stranger
Whom I Have Never Seen" | (SATB divisi) | No. 7935 |
| Songs of Ecstasy | (Tenor & Organ) | No. 7936 |

Program Notes

Songs of Ecstasy are musical settings of three poems by Thomas Merton (1915–1968), a Trappist monk who lived for many years in solitude at the Abbey of Gethsemani in Kentucky. Merton's writings express an imagination sparked by divine revelation, and a soul filled with ecstatic spiritual awareness.

The poems selected for *Songs of Ecstasy* are all celebratory in their message. They describe God's presence in nature, in all creatures and creation, within the human spirit and in the mysterious depths of the soul.

The musical settings, while endeavoring to capture the total expression of each poem, focus upon several key words and images. For example, in the first movement, *Song: "When Rain Sings Light,"* the word "light" recurs many times, often prefaced by the syllable "la" leading into "light" - "la la la light." These are intended to represent specks of light. They open and close the song. Another special image is that of solitude ("with pure and solitary songs"). Thus, the very powerful words, "And speak to God, my God," are sung by the Tenors, unaccompanied, marked "ecstatic."

The second song, *A Psalm: "The Spirit Sings,"* opens with a splendid phrase, "When psalms surprise me with their music, and antiphons turn to rum, the Spirit sings." A mixed-meter rhythmic background creates a Caribbean atmosphere often associated with "rum." Later in the song, a steadily-swaying

7/8 meter is introduced with the African imagery of zebras and antelopes.

"*Stranger: Thou Inward Stranger Whom I Have Never Seen*" has many phrases of special interest. "One bird sits still watching the work of God" is the culmination of the previous three stanzas of poetry. And thus, the musical expression is a point of arrival in the ascent of the phrases. The music then recedes into peaceful expression until the introduction of flowing patterns which provide a background for "one cloud upon the hillside..."

The most significant contrast in this song is the change of modality, from C Mixolydian (with B-flat) to C Lydian (with F-sharp). This change occurs with the very central stanza, "Closer and clearer than any wordy master, Thou inward Stranger whom I have never seen." These words describe the Spirit of God within, perhaps mysterious and almost unknown to each of us. The use of the Lydian mode creates the "closeness" and friction of the F-sharp against the G, presented first in the low range, and then ascending at the end. This "stranger" within creates a powerful and urgent closeness, a voice seeking to emerge. And although the music returns to the Mixolydian mode for most of the remainder of the song, the final chord (to end "Our cleanest Light is One!") expands upward to the F-sharp/G dissonance - essential and ecstatic.

—Gwyneth Walker

Total duration: 16' 00"

Song (When rain)

When rain, (sings light) rain has devoured my house
And wind wades through my trees,
The cedars fawn upon the storm with their huge paws.
Silence is louder than a cyclone
In the rude door, my shelter.
And there I eat my air alone
With pure and solitary songs

While others sit in conference.
Their windows grieve, and soon frown
And glass begins to wrinkle with a multitude of water
Till I no longer see their speech
And they no longer know my theater.

Rivers clothe their houses
And hide their naked wisdom.
Their conversations
go down into the deep like submarines:
Submerge them, with their pale expressions, in my storm.

But I drink rain, drink wind
Distinguish poems,
Boiling up out of the cold forest:
Lift to the wind my eyes full of water,
My face and mind, to take their free refreshment.

Thus I live on my own land, on my own island
And speak to God, my God, under the doorway
When rain, (sings light) rain has devoured my house
And winds wade through my trees.

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Songs of Ecstasy

for SATB Chorus (divisi) unaccompanied

Thomas Merton (1915–1968)

Gwyneth Walker

1. Song: “When Rain Sings Light”

*“Thus I live on my own land, on my own island
And speak to God...”*

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9

Soprano (S) vocal line:

my house And wind wades through my trees, The ce-dars fawn up-on the

Alto (A) vocal line:

my house And wind wades through my trees, The ce-dars fawn up-on the

Tenor (T) vocal line:

And wind wades through my trees, The ce-dars fawn up-on the

Bass (B) vocal line:

house _ through my trees,

A musical score for piano, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and has a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains measures 1 through 10. Measure 1 starts with a rest followed by a dotted half note. Measures 2-4 show a repeating pattern of a dotted half note followed by a quarter note. Measures 5-6 show a dotted half note followed by a half note. Measures 7-10 show a dotted half note followed by a half note. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and has a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains measures 1 through 10. Measures 1-3 show a continuous eighth-note bass line. Measures 4-5 show a continuous eighth-note bass line. Measures 6-7 show a continuous eighth-note bass line. Measures 8-10 show a continuous eighth-note bass line.

14

S storm with their huge paws. *rit.*

A storm with their huge paws. *rit.*

T storm with their huge paws.

B paws. *rit.*

B

18 (rit.)

Slower

S cy - clone , In the rude door, my shel-ter. *p*

A cy - clone , In the rude door, my shel-ter. *p*

T loud-er than a cy - clone , In the rude door, my shel-ter. *p*

B loud-er than a cy - clone In the rude door, my shel-ter. And there I eat my *(p)*

Slower

(rit.)

(p)

22 *a tempo* (♩ = 108)

Soprano (S) *(p)*
air a - lone

Alto (A) *(p)*
air a - lone

Tenor (T) *(p)*
air a - lone la la la la la la la la

Bass (B) *p*
air a - lone With pure and sol - i - tar - y songs

a tempo (♩ = 108)

27 *(p)* *mf* [C]
Soprano (S)
la While oth - ers sit in

Alto (A) *(p)* *mf*
la While oth - ers sit in

Tenor (T) *p* *mf*
la While oth - ers sit in

Bass (B) *p* *mf*
la While oth - ers sit in

[C]

31

S con - fer'nce. Their win-dows grieve, and soon frown And glass be - gins to

A con - fer'nce. Their win-dows grieve, and soon frown And glass be - gins to

T 8 con - fer'nce. Their win-dows grieve, and soon frown

B con - fer'nce. Their win-dows grieve, and soon frown

36

S wrin - kle wa - - ter Till I no

A wrin - kle wa - - ter Till I no

T 8 with a mul - ti - tude of wa - - ter

B with a mul - ti - tude of wa - - ter

40 **D**

Soprano (S) *poco rit.*
long - er see their speech

Alto (A) *,*
long - er see their speech

Tenor (T) *,*
And they no long - er know my the - a - ter.

Bass (B) *,*
And they no long - er know my the - a - ter.

Piano (D)
poco rit.

44 **E** Slightly slower *p*

Soprano (S) *poco accel.*
Riv - ers clothe their hous - es And hide their na - ked wis - dom. Their con-ver-

Alto (A) *p*
Riv - ers clothe their hous - es And hide their na - ked wis - dom. Their con-ver-

Tenor (T) *p*
Riv - ers clothe their hous - es And hide their na - ked wis - dom. Their con-ver-

Bass (B) *p*
Riv - ers clothe their hous - es their na - ked wis - dom. Their con-ver-

Piano (E) *Slightly slower*
poco accel.

F *a tempo* ($\text{♩} = 108$)

mf

S
sa - tions go down in-to the deep like sub-mar-ines: Sub - merge them, with their

A
sa - tions go down in-to the deep like sub-mar-ines: Sub - merge them, with their

T
8 sa - tions go down in-to the deep ah ah

B
sa - tions go down in-to the deep ah ah

F *a tempo* ($\text{♩} = 108$)

rit.

a tempo **G** with conviction and celebration ($\text{♩} = 108$)

S
pale ex - pres - sions, in my storm. *ah - ah - I ah - ah - I

A
pale ex - pres - sions, in my storm. *ah - ah - I ah - ah - I

T
8 pale ex - pres - sions, in my storm. But I drink rain, drink

B
pale ex - pres - sions, in my storm. But I drink rain, drink

a tempo **G** with conviction and celebration ($\text{♩} = 108$)

rit.

* This “word” is an elongation of the personal pronoun *I*. It is pronounced “ah-ah-aye,”

56

S ah - ah - I ah - ah - I Boil-ing up out of the cold
A ah - ah - I ah - ah - I Boil-ing up out of the cold
T 8 wind Dis-tin-guish po - ems Boil-ing up out of the cold
B wind Dis-tin-guish po - ems Boil-ing up out of the cold

59

S for - est: Lift to the wind my eyes full of wa-ter, My face and mind, to take their
A for - est: Lift to the wind my eyes full of wa-ter, My face and mind, to take their
T 8 for - est: Lift to the wind my eyes full of wa-ter, My face and mind, to take their
B for - est: Lift to the wind my eyes full of wa-ter, My face and mind, to take their

63 (rit.) **H Grandly** ♩ = 80

S free re - fresh - ment. Thus I live on my own land, on my own is - land
A free re - fresh - ment. Thus I live on my own land, on my own is - land
T free re - fresh - ment. Thus I live on my own land, on my own is - land
B free re - fresh - ment. Thus I live on my own land, on my own is - land

H Grandly ♩ = 80

(rit.)

*The notes with small circles above are to be sung in *falsetto* or head voice without *vibrato*.

(accel.)

71 *mp*

S God, un - der the door - way When rain, *rejoin section*

A (normal tone and vibrato) *mf* *f* *f*

T my God, (sings) *f*

(Solo)

B God, un - der the door - way (sings) *f*

God, un - der the door - way (sings) *f*

mp

accel.

J a tempo (♩ = 108)

75

S — rain has de-voured my house

A —

T All *p* *f*, *mf*

B la la la light) my house And *mf*

la la la light) my house And ,

p *f*

J a tempo (♩ = 108)

rit.

Solo p

rejoin section K

a tempo (♩ = 108)

S *Section unis. p*

A

T

B

p

p

p

p

rit.

ah _____

la la la la _____

(All) **la la la la**

mf _____ **p**

winds wade through my trees. _____

winds wade through my trees. _____

winds wade through my trees. _____

p **mm**

K **a tempo (♩ = 108)**

83 *rit. to end*

S *p* la _____ la la la la la light. *pp*

A *mf* *p* la la la la la light. *pp*

T *mf* *p* la la la la la light. *pp*

B *p* la la la la light. *pp*

rit. to end

3'30"

Gwyneth Walker (b. 1947)

For biographical information about the composer, please visit her Web site.
<http://www.gwynethwalker.com>

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—Gwyneth Walker

Total duration: 16' 00"

A Psalm

When psalms surprise me with their music
And antiphons turn to rum
The Spirit sings: the bottom drops out of my soul!

And from the center of my cellar,
Love, louder than thunder
Opens a heaven of naked air.

New eyes awaken.
I send Love's name into the world with wings
And songs grow up around me like a jungle.
Choirs of all creatures sing the tunes
Your Spirit played in Eden.

Zebras and antelopes and birds of paradise
Shine on the face of the abyss
And I am drunk with the great wilderness
Of the sixth day in Genesis.

But sound is never half so fair
As when that music turns to air
And the universe dies of excellence.

Sun, moon and stars
Fall from their heavenly towers.
Joys walk no longer down the blue world's shore.

Though fires loiter, lights still fly on the air of the gulf,
All fear another wind, another thunder:
Then one more voice
Snuffs all their flares in one gust.

And I go forth with no more wine and no more stars
And no more buds and no more Eden
And no more animals and no more sea:
While God sings by Himself in acres of night
And walls fall down, that guarded Paradise.

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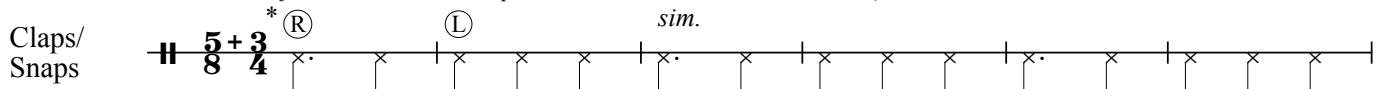
Gwyneth Walker

2. A Psalm: “The Spirit Sings”

*“...the bottom drops out of my soul
and from the center of my cellar, Love, louder than thunder
Opens a heaven of naked air.”*

With rhythmic energy ♩ = 88 (♩ = 132) but not rushed

everyone tap leg gently in rhythm
(for a Caribbean atmosphere associated with the word “rum”)



7

A

Solo mf smoothly

S

When psalms _____ sur - prise me _____ with their mu - sic _____

A

(for rehearsal only)

14

rit.

S

And an - ti - phons____ turn to rum_____

rit.

*R = Right hand on right leg, L = Left hand on left leg.

“A Psalm” By Thomas Merton, from THE COLLECTED POEMS OF THOMAS MERTON,
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rit.

Slowly **B**

Moderate tempo ♩ = 100

19 , All
Section *mf* *mm The Spir - it sings: the bot-tom drops out of my
mf *mm The Spir - it sings: the bot-tom drops out of my
mf *mm The Spir - it sings:
mf *mm The Spir - it sings:
(leg taps) (stop tapping)

rit. Slowly **B** Moderate tempo ♩ = 100

23 soul! _____ Love, louder than
soul! _____ Love, louder than
And from the cen - ter of my cel - lar, _____ Love, louder than
And from the cen - ter of my cel - lar, _____ Love, louder than

*Savoring the word "rum."

26

S A T B

thun - der O - pens a heav - en of na - ked air.

thun - der O - pens a heav - en of na - ked air.

thun - der O - pens a heav - en of na - ked air.

thun - der O - pens a heav - en of na - ked air.

29 [C] Tempo I $\text{♩} = 88$ ($\text{♩} = 132$)

T B

Solo mf

I

Solo mf

New eyes— a - wak - en.—

(tap leg, as before)

[C] Tempo I $\text{♩} = 88$ ($\text{♩} = 132$)

T B

37

Solo mf **D**

A And songs grow up a-round me

T send Love's name in - to the world with wings

(leg taps)

D

43

rit.
unis. mf

Slowly ♩ = 80

p cresc. poco a poco

S jun - - gle. Choirs of all crea-tures sing the

(Solo)

A — like a jun - - gle. *rejoin section*

Section mf

All p cresc. poco a poco

A jun - - gle. Choirs of all crea-tures sing the

All mf unis.

T jun - - gle. Choirs of all crea-tures sing the

All mf unis.

B jun - - gle. Choirs of all crea-tures sing the

(stop tapping)

Slowly ♩ = 80

rit.

48

S: tunes Your Spir - it played in E - den. mm rit.

A: tunes Your Spir - it played in E - den. mm

T: ^f tunes Your Spir - it played in E - den.

B: ^f tunes Your Spir - it played in E - den.

rit.

While snapping fingers (see below), everyone should gently swing their arms forward and back, one arm at a time (one per measure), perhaps as an animal striding through the jungle.

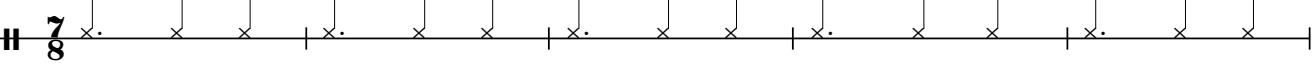
E Tempo I $\text{♩} = 88$ ($\text{♩} = 132$)

51 (An African rhythm)

T: hmm ^{mf} Ze - bras and

B: hmm ^{mf} Ze - bras and

everyone snap fingers gently in rhythm

$\text{H} \frac{7}{8}$ 

E Tempo I $\text{♩} = 88$ ($\text{♩} = 132$)

56

F *f*enthusiastically

Soprano (S):

Alto (A): *mf*

Tenor (T): *p*

Bass (B): *p*

Ze - bras and an - te-lopes, ze - bras and an - te-lopes,

an - te-lopes, ze - bras and an - te-lopes, ze - bras and

an - te-lopes, ze - bras and

an - te-lopes, ze - bras and

**

F

60

Soprano (S): par - a - dise la la la la la la Shine on the

Alto (A): **p** ze - bras and an - te-lopes, ze - bras and an - te-lopes,

Tenor (T): 8 an - te-lopes, ze - bras and an - te-lopes, ze - bras and

Bass (B): an - te-lopes, ze - bras and an - te-lopes, ze - bras and

Piano: x x x x x x x x x x x x

* Bass may alternate every 2 measures to spell each other.

**Altos may alternate every 2 measures to spell each other.

64

S face of the a - abyss _____ And I am drunk with the

A ze - bras and an - te-lopes, ze - bras and an - te-lopes,

T 8 an - te-lopes, ze - bras and an - te-lopes, ze - bras and

B an - te-lopes, ze - bras and an - te-lopes, ze - bras and
(finger snaps)

|| x. x x | x. x x | x. x x | x. x x |

{

S great wil - der - ness _____ Of the sixth day in

A ze - bras and an - te-lopes, ze - bras and an - te-lopes,

T 8 an - te - lopes, ze - bras and an - te-lopes, la la la

B an - te-lopes, ze - bras and an - te-lopes, la la la

|| x. x x | x. x x | x. x x | x. x x |

{

68

S great wil - der - ness _____ Of the sixth day in

A ze - bras and an - te-lopes, ze - bras and an - te-lopes,

T 8 an - te - lopes, ze - bras and an - te-lopes, la la la

B an - te-lopes, ze - bras and an - te-lopes, la la la

|| x. x x | x. x x | x. x x | x. x x |

{

72

S Gen - e - sis, rit. G (stop arm swinging)

A Gen - e - sis. But f

T la la la unis. f But

B la la la Gen - e - sis. But f

(finger snaps) (stop finger snaps)

With motion $\text{♩} = 112$

76 (p) cresc. poco a poco

S sound is nev - er half so fair as when that mu - sic turns to air And the

A (p) cresc. poco a poco

T (p) cresc. poco a poco

B (p) cresc. poco a poco

With motion $\text{♩} = 112$

80

S A T B

u - ni - verse dies of ex - cel - lence. rit.

H a tempo (♩ = 112)

u - ni - verse dies of ex - cel - lence. Sun, moon and

u - ni - verse dies of ex - cel - lence. Sun, moon and

ah

u - ni - verse dies of ex - cel - lence. ah

H a tempo (♩ = 112)

rit.

Bassoon part:

{ Bassoon bassoon bassoon bassoon }

84

S A T B

stars Fall from their heav'n - ly , p sub.

stars Fall from their heav'n - ly tow'rs. Joys walk no lon - ger down the , p sub.

stars Fall, tow'rs. Joys walk no lon - ger down the , p sub.

stars Fall, tow'rs. Joys walk no lon - ger down the , p sub.

Piano part:

{ Bassoon bassoon bassoon bassoon }

12

I (Same tempo)

I (Same tempo)

Soprano (S) | Alto (A) | Tenor (T) | Bass (B)

blue world's shore. Though fires loi - ter, — lights still fly on the

blue world's shore. Though fires loi - ter, — lights still fly on the

blue world's shore. Though fires loi - ter, — lights still fly on the

blue world's shore. Though fires loi - ter, — lights still fly on the

I (Same tempo)

A musical score for piano, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Measures 11 and 12 are shown, separated by a vertical bar line. In measure 11, the right hand plays eighth-note chords (G, B, D) and sixteenth-note patterns, while the left hand provides harmonic support. Measure 12 begins with a fermata over the right hand's eighth-note chord. The right hand then continues with sixteenth-note patterns, and the left hand provides harmonic support.

91

S air of the gulf, All fear an - oth - er wind, an - oth - er thun - der:
mf *f* *mf* *f*

A air of the gulf, All fear an - oth - er wind, an - oth - er thun - der:
mf *f* *mf* *f*

T air of the gulf, All fear an - oth - er wind, an - oth - er thun - der:
mf *f* *mf* *f*

B air of the gulf, All fear an - oth - er wind, an - oth - er thun - der:
mf *f* *mf* *f*

rit.

a tempo (♩ = 112) 93

Soprano (S): Then one more voice Snuffs all their flares in one gust.
 Alto (A): Then one more voice Snuffs all their flares in one gust.
 Tenor (T): Then one more voice Snuffs all their flares in one gust.
 Bass (B): Then one more voice Snuffs all their flares in one gust.

mf ————— **f** *mf* rit. **f**

mf ————— **f** *mf* 3 * **f**

a tempo (♩ = 112)

Bassoon (Bassoon): rit. 3 * **f**

**5** + **3** **#** **5** + **3** **#** **5** + **3** **#** **5** + **3** **#** **5** + **3**

94 J Tempo I ♩ = 88 (♩ = 132)

Solo mf

Soprano (S) vocal line:

p in the background

Tenor (T) vocal line:

p in the background

Bass (B) vocal line:

tap leg, as before

Drumming (D) pattern:

$5+3/8$

J Tempo I $\text{♩} = 88$ ($\text{♩} = 132$)

A musical score for piano, featuring two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef. Both staves are in 8/4 time, indicated by a '4' over the '8'. The key signature consists of two sharps. Measures 1 through 10 are shown. Measure 1 starts with a rest followed by a forte dynamic. Measures 2 through 10 consist of a series of eighth-note chords. Measure 10 concludes with a half note followed by a repeat sign.

*Grace notes precede the beat.

S

106 **K**

rit.

A

T

B

D

L Slower ♩ = 100

112 **f grandly**

S God sings by Him - self in a - cres of night And
A God sings by Him - self in a - cres of night And
T God sings by Him - self in a - cres of night And
B God sings by Him - self in a - cres of night And

L Slower ♩ = 100

114

S walls fall down, that guard-ed Par - a - dise, rit. Par - a - dise, **|5+3** |8 4

A walls fall down, that guard-ed Par - a - dise, Par - a - dise, **|5+3** |8 4

T walls fall down, that guard-ed Par - a - dise, Par - a - dise, **|5+3** |8 4

B walls fall down, that guard-ed Par - a - dise, Par - a - dise, **|5+3** |8 4

16

M Tempo I

117

T

B

II

5+3

8 4

p

mm

tap leg, as before

M Tempo I

A musical score for two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and has a 5+3/4 time signature. The bottom staff is in bass clef and also has a 5+3/4 time signature. Measures 1 through 4 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes. Measure 5 shows a sustained note.

a final finger snap at face level (both hands)

rit. to end

A musical score for 'Paradise' by Leonard Bernstein. The vocal line starts with a piano dynamic (p) and a melodic line consisting of eighth-note pairs. The lyrics 'ah' are underlined. The dynamic changes to forte (f), indicated by a large 'f' above the staff. The vocal line continues with eighth-note pairs, some with grace notes. The lyrics 'Par - a - dise.' are written below the staff, with a vertical bar line separating them from the end of the measure. Various performance markings are present: a circled '3' over a bracketed group of three notes; a fermata over the last note of the measure; a downward arrow at the end of the staff; a circled '3' under a bracket; a fermata over the final note; and an asterisk (*) at the end of the staff.

123

A

T

B

(stop tapping)

- dise. — *finger*

rit to end

4'00"

ECS PUBLISHING



GWYNETH WALKER

Songs of Ecstasy

- | | | |
|---|-----------------|----------|
| 1. Song: “When Rain Sings Light” | (SATB divisi) | No. 7933 |
| 2. A Psalm: “The Spirit Sings” | (SATB divisi) | No. 7934 |
| → 3. Stranger: “Thou Inward Stranger
Whom I Have Never Seen” | (SATB divisi) | No. 7935 |
| Songs of Ecstasy | (Tenor & Organ) | No. 7936 |

Program Notes

Songs of Ecstasy are musical settings of three poems by Thomas Merton (1915–1968), a Trappist monk who lived for many years in solitude at the Abbey of Gethsemani in Kentucky. Merton's writings express an imagination sparked by divine revelation, and a soul filled with ecstatic spiritual awareness.

The poems selected for *Songs of Ecstasy* are all celebratory in their message. They describe God's presence in nature, in all creatures and creation, within the human spirit and in the mysterious depths of the soul.

The musical settings, while endeavoring to capture the total expression of each poem, focus upon several key words and images. For example, in the first movement, *Song: "When Rain Sings Light,"* the word "light" recurs many times, often prefaced by the syllable "la" leading into "light" - "la la la light." These are intended to represent specks of light. They open and close the song. Another special image is that of solitude ("with pure and solitary songs"). Thus, the very powerful words, "And speak to God, my God," are sung by the Tenors, unaccompanied, marked "ecstatic."

The second song, *A Psalm: "The Spirit Sings,"* opens with a splendid phrase, "When psalms surprise me with their music, and antiphons turn to rum, the Spirit sings." A mixed-meter rhythmic background creates a Caribbean atmosphere often associated with "rum." Later in the song, a steadily-swaying

7/8 meter is introduced with the African imagery of zebras and antelopes.

"*Stranger: Thou Inward Stranger Whom I Have Never Seen*" has many phrases of special interest. "One bird sits still watching the work of God" is the culmination of the previous three stanzas of poetry. And thus, the musical expression is a point of arrival in the ascent of the phrases. The music then recedes into peaceful expression until the introduction of flowing patterns which provide a background for "one cloud upon the hillside..."

The most significant contrast in this song is the change of modality, from C Mixolydian (with B-flat) to C Lydian (with F-sharp). This change occurs with the very central stanza, "Closer and clearer than any wordy master, Thou inward Stranger whom I have never seen." These words describe the Spirit of God within, perhaps mysterious and almost unknown to each of us. The use of the Lydian mode creates the "closeness" and friction of the F-sharp against the G, presented first in the low range, and then ascending at the end. This "stranger" within creates a powerful and urgent closeness, a voice seeking to emerge. And although the music returns to the Mixolydian mode for most of the remainder of the song, the final chord (to end "Our cleanest Light is One!") expands upward to the F-sharp/G dissonance - essential and ecstatic.

—Gwyneth Walker

Total duration: 16' 00"

Stranger

When no one listens
To the quiet trees
When no one notices
The sun in the pool

Where no one feels
The first drop of rain
Or sees the last star

Or hails the first morning
Of a giant world
Where peace begins
And rages end:

One bird sits still
Watching the work of God:
One turning leaf,
Two falling blossoms,
Ten circles upon the pond.

One cloud upon the hillside,
Two shadows in the valley
And the light strikes home.

Now dawn commands the capture
Of the tallest fortune,
The surrender
Of no less marvelous prize!

Closer and clearer
Than any wordy master,
Thou inward Stranger,
Whom I have never seen,

Deeper and cleaner
Than the clamorous ocean,
Seize up my silence
Hold me in Thy Hand!

Now act is waste
And suffering undone
Laws become prodigals
Limits are torn down
For envy has no property
And passion is none.

Look, the vast Light stands still
Our cleanest Light is One!

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Songs of Ecstasy

for SATB Chorus (divisi) unaccompanied

Thomas Merton (1915–1968)

Gwyneth Walker

3. Stranger: “Thou Inward Stranger Whom I Have Never Seen”

*Thou inward Stranger
Whom I have never seen...
Seize up my silence
Hold me in Thy Hand!*

Optional transition from previous song

Slowly, freely

Soprano Alto Tenor Bass

Moderately slowly ♩ = 88

When no one lis-tens To the qui - et trees

When no one lis-tens To the qui - et trees

When no one lis-tens To the qui - et When

When no one lis-tens To the qui - et trees

Slowly, freely

Moderately slowly ♩ = 88

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accel. poco a poco
cresc. poco a poco (to A)

Soprano (S) vocal line:

When no one no - tic - es The sun in the pool Where no one feels The first
cresc. poco a poco (to A)

Alto (A) vocal line:

When no one no - tic - es The sun in the pool Where no one feels The first
cresc. poco a poco (to A)

Tenor (T) vocal line:

³no one no - tic - es The sun in the Where ⁸no one feels The first
cresc. poco a poco (to A)

Bass (B) vocal line:

When no one no - tic - es The sun in the pool Where no one feels The first

Piano accompaniment (measures 3-5):
 Measures 3-4: 3 chords (G, C, F) repeated.
 Measure 5: Accented piano chords (G, C, F) followed by a bass note.

Soprano (S) vocal line (measures 6-7):
⁶(*accel.*)
⁶(*cresc.*)
 drop of rain Or sees the last star Or hails the first morn-ing Of a
(cresc.)

Alto (A) vocal line (measures 6-7):
⁶(*cresc.*)
 drop of rain Or sees the last star Or hails the first morn-ing Of a
(cresc.)

Tenor (T) vocal line (measures 6-7):
⁸drop of rain Or sees the last star Or hails the first morn-ing Of a
(cresc.)

Bass (B) vocal line (measures 6-7):
 drop of rain Or sees the last star Or hails the first morn-ing Of a

Piano accompaniment (measures 6-7):
 Measures 6-7: 3 chords (G, C, F) repeated.

9 (accel.) (cresc.) **Faster** rit.

S gi - ant world_ Where peace be - gins And ra - - - ges__
A gi - ant world_ Where peace be - gins And ra - - - ges__
T gi - ant world_ Where peace be - gins And ra - - - ges__
B gi - ant world_ Where peace be - gins And ra - - - ges__

Faster

(accel.) rit.

S A T B

rit.

A a tempo $\text{♩} = 88$

12 **f** **mf**
S end: One bird sits still Watch-ing the work of
A end: One bird sits still Watch-ing the work of
T end: One bird sits still Watch-ing the work of
B end: One bird sits still Watch-ing the work of

f **mf**
S A T B

rit. **3**
S A T B

16

Soprano (S), Alto (A), Tenor (T), Bass (B) and piano.

God: *Ten circles up-on the*

God: *Two fall-ing— blos-soms, Ten cir-cles up-on the*

God: *One turn-ing leaf, Two fall-ing— blos-soms, Ten cir-cles up-on the*

God: *One turn-ing leaf, Two fall-ing— blos-soms, Ten cir-cles up-on the*

20 *rit.*

B With motion $\text{J} = 112$

Soprano (S), Alto (A), Tenor (T), Bass (B) and piano.

pond. *pond.*

pond. *p flowing, as a cloud passing by*

pond. *p flowing, as a cloud passing by* *ah (da da)

pond. *ah (da da)

B With motion $\text{J} = 112$

Soprano (S), Alto (A), Tenor (T), Bass (B) and piano.

rit.

*The syllable "da" (with a very soft "D" sound) may be used, if necessary, to help articulate the triplets through m. 27.

23 *mf* unis.

S One cloud up - on the hill - side, Two shad - ows in the

A *mf*

T Two shad - ows in the

B ah ah

Slightly

poco rit.

$$\text{♩} = 100$$

1

Slightly

slower
| ≡ 100

, = 100

1

1

1

2

*Grace notes precede the beat.

29 C

29 C

Soprano (S) vocal line:

dawn com-mands the cap-ture Of the tall - est for-tune, The sur -

Alto (A) vocal line:

dawn com-mands the cap-ture Of the tall - est for-tune, The sur -

Tenor (T) vocal line:

p the tall - est for-tune, The sur -

p the tall - est for-tune,

Bass (B) vocal line:

The sur -

Cello (C) bass line:

The sur -

30

Soprano (S) vocal line:

30 ren - der Of no less mar - vel - ous prize! ah

Alto (A) vocal line:

ren - der Of no less mar - vel - ous prize! ah

Tenor (T) vocal line:

8 ren - der Of no less mar - vel - ous prize!

Bass (B) vocal line:

ren - der Of no less mar - vel - ous prize!

Chorus (bottom two staves) vocal line:

30 , f ah

p

rit.
32 unis.

D **Tempo I** ♩ = 88

S (p) ah,
A (p) ah,
T Ah, Clo-ser and clear-er Than an-y word-y mast-er, Thou in-ward Stran-ger Whom
B Ah, Clo-ser and clear-er Than an-y word-y mast-er, Thou in-ward Stran-ger Whom

D **Tempo I** ♩ = 88

rit.

36

cresc. (to m. 42)

S ah, Thou in-ward

A (cresc.) ah, Thou in-ward

T I have nev - er seen, Deep - er and clean-er Than the clam-or - ous o - cean,

B I have nev - er seen, Deep-er and clean-er Than the clam-or - ous o - cean,

39 (cresc.)

S Stran - ger, Thou in - ward Stran - ger, Thou in - ward Stran - ger, in - ward Stran - ger, Hold
(cresc.)

A Stran - ger, Thou in - ward Stran - ger, Thou in - ward Stran - ger, in - ward Stran - ger, Hold
(cresc.)

T 8 Seize up my si - lence Hold me in Thy Hand! Hold me in Thy Hand!

B (cresc.) Seize up my si - lence Hold me in Thy Hand! Hold me in Thy Hand!

rit.

(rit.)

E a tempo ♩ = 88

S — me in Thy Hand! Now act is waste And suf - fer - ing un -

A — me in Thy Hand! Now act is waste And suf - fer - ing un -

T 8 Hold me in Thy Hand! Now act is waste _____ And suf - fer - ing un -

B Hold me in Thy Hand! Now act is waste _____ And suf - fer - ing un -

E a tempo ♩ = 88

(rit.)

46

Soprano (S) vocal line with lyrics: "done Laws be-come prod-i - gals_ Lim-its are torn down". Dynamics: *mf*, *p*. Measure 3.

Alto (A) vocal line with lyrics: "done Laws be-come prod-i - gals_ Lim-its are torn down". Dynamics: *mf*, *p*.

Tenor (T) vocal line with lyrics: "done Laws be-come prod-i - gals_ Lim-its are torn down For". Dynamics: *mf*, *p*.

Bass (B) vocal line with lyrics: "done prod-i-gals torn down For". Dynamics: *mf*, *p*.

Piano accompaniment with bass line and chords.

poco rit.

49

Soprano (S) vocal line with lyrics: "And pas-sion is none, none.". Dynamics: *p*.

Alto (A) vocal line with lyrics: "And pas-sion is none, none.". Dynamics: *p*.

Tenor (T) vocal line with lyrics: "en - vy has no prop-er - ty none.". Dynamics: *p*.

Bass (B) vocal line with lyrics: "en - vy has no prop-er - ty none.". Dynamics: *p*.

Piano accompaniment with bass line and chords.

poco rit.

12

F $\text{♩} = 80$

52

S Look, the vast Light stands still , Our
A Look, the vast Light stands still , Our
T Ah, still , Our
B Ah, still , Our

F $\text{♩} = 80$

53 rit.

S clean - est Light One!
A clean - est Light One!
T clean - est Light One!
B clean - est Light is One!

rit.

Gwyneth Walker (b. 1947)

For biographical information about the composer, please visit her Web site.
<http://www.gwynethwalker.com>

3'15"

May 21, 2011 / Braintree, Vermont

ECS PUBLISHING



GWYNETH WALKER

Songs of Ecstasy

1. Song: "When Rain Sings Light"	(SATB divisi)	No. 7933
2. A Psalm: "The Spirit Sings"	(SATB divisi)	No. 7934
3. Stranger: "Thou Inward Stranger Whom I Have Never Seen"	(SATB divisi)	No. 7935
→ Songs of Ecstasy		(Tenor & Organ) No. 7936

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—Gwyneth Walker

Total duration: 16' 00"

Stranger

When no one listens
To the quiet trees
When no one notices
The sun in the pool

Where no one feels
The first drop of rain
Or sees the last star

Or hails the first morning
Of a giant world
Where peace begins
And rages end:

One bird sits still
Watching the work of God:
One turning leaf,
Two falling blossoms,
Ten circles upon the pond.

One cloud upon the hillside,
Two shadows in the valley
And the light strikes home.

Now dawn commands the capture
Of the tallest fortune,
The surrender
Of no less marvelous prize!

Closer and clearer
Than any wordy master,
Thou inward Stranger,
Whom I have never seen,

Deeper and cleaner
Than the clamorous ocean,
Seize up my silence
Hold me in Thy Hand!

Now act is waste
And suffering undone
Laws become prodigals
Limits are torn down
For envy has no property
And passion is none.

Look, the vast Light stands still
Our cleanest Light is One!

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A Psalm

When psalms surprise me with their music
And antiphons turn to rum
The Spirit sings: the bottom drops out of my soul!

And from the center of my cellar,
Love, louder than thunder
Opens a heaven of naked air.

New eyes awaken.
I send Love's name into the world with wings
And songs grow up around me like a jungle.
Choirs of all creatures sing the tunes
Your Spirit played in Eden.

Zebras and antelopes and birds of paradise
Shine on the face of the abyss
And I am drunk with the great wilderness
Of the sixth day in Genesis.

But sound is never half so fair
As when that music turns to air
And the universe dies of excellence.

Sun, moon and stars
Fall from their heavenly towers.
Joys walk no longer down the blue world's shore.

Though fires loiter, lights still fly on the air of the gulf,
All fear another wind, another thunder:
Then one more voice
Snuffs all their flares in one gust.

And I go forth with no more wine and no more stars
And no more buds and no more Eden
And no more animals and no more sea:
While God sings by Himself in acres of night
And walls fall down, that guarded Paradise.

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Stranger

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Where peace begins
And rages end:

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Watching the work of God:
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Of the tallest fortune,
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Of no less marvelous prize!

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Than any wordy master,
Thou inward Stranger,
Whom I have never seen,

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And suffering undone
Laws become prodigals
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Songs of Ecstasy

for Tenor and Organ

Thomas Merton (1915–1968)

Gwyneth Walker

1. Song: “When Rain Sings Light”

*“Thus I live on my own land, on my own island
And speak to God...”*

With gentle motion $\text{♩} = 108$

Tenor *mf* **A**, *p*
When rain, (sings)

Organ **With gentle motion $\text{♩} = 108$** *I Solo, as a speck of light **A**
**II p as an accompaniment* *mp* *p*
**III* *p as an accompaniment*

Pedal

6 , *mf*
la - la - la - la - light) rain has de - voured my house _____ And wind wades through my

I . II
mp *p*

*I - Solo (2')
 II - as an accompaniment

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11 , f
 trees, The ce - dars fawn up-on the storm with their huge paws. Si -

16 **B** rit. Slower , *mf*
 - lence is loud-er than a cy - clone In the rude door, my shel - ter.

B Slower
f rit. *mp* *p*
f

20 *p*
 And there I eat my air a - lone. With pure and sol - i - tar - y

25 *a tempo* ($\text{♩} = 108$) *mf*
 songs. While
a tempo ($\text{♩} = 108$)

29 **C**

8 oth - ers sit in con - frence. Their win - dows grieve, and soon

C

mf

mf

33

8 frown And glass be - gins to wrin - kle with a mul - ti - tude of

37

D

8 wa - - ter Till I no long - er see their speech And they no

D

53 [G]

I drink rain, drink wind Dis-tin-guish po-ems.

[G]

p cresc. poco a poco (to H)

57

Boil - ing up out of the cold for - est:

(cresc.)

59

Lift to the wind my eyes full of wa - ter, —

(cresc.)

61 *rit.*

8 My face and mind to take their free re - fresh - ment:

(cresc.) *rit.*

63 **H** Grandly $\text{♩} = 80$

8 Thus I live on my own land, on my own is - land And speak to

, *mf* 3 , *p* ecstatic

H Grandly $\text{♩} = 80$

8 *f* 8 , *mf* 8 ,

67 **I**

8 God, _____ my _____ God, _____ my _____ God _____

I

pp *mp* *mf* *mf*

10

72 *f*, *mf* **J** a tempo ($\text{♩} = 108$)

8 un-der the door-way. When rain, (sings la-la-la-la-light) rain has de-voured my

J a tempo ($\text{♩} = 108$)

I II

77 , *mf* rit. = **p**

8 house. And winds wade through my trees.

I II

82 **K** a tempo rit. to end , , **p** =

K a tempo la - la - la - la - la - light. —

p rit. to end

3'30"

2. A Psalm: “The Spirit Sings”

*“...the bottom drops out of my soul
and from the center of my cellar, Love, louder than thunder
Opens a heaven of naked air.”*

Thomas Merton (1915–1968)

Gwyneth Walker

With rhythmic energy ♩ = 88 (♩ = 132) but not rushed
(suggestive of a Caribbean atmosphere associated with the word “rum”)

7

pp (more rhythm than pitch)

A

mf smoothly

When psalms _____ sur - prise me _____ with their

A

13

mu - sic _____ And an - ti - phons ____ turn to rum ____

rit.

rit.

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19 (rit.)

Slowly B

Moderate tempo $\text{♩} = 100$

p

(mm) The Spir-it sings: the bot-tom drops out of my

(rit.) **mf** (to answer Tenor)

Slowly B

Moderate tempo $\text{♩} = 100$

p

23

soul! And from the cen-ter of my cel-lar, Love, louder than thun- - der

* Cue-sized notes at various moments in the score are *ossia* parts, to be performed as the singer chooses.

31

mf

New eyes — a - wak - en. — I

37

send Love's name in-to the world with wings — And

43 D

rit.

songs grow up a-round me — like a jun - gle.

D

p rit.

49 Slowly ♩ = 80

p

f

Choirs of all crea-tures sing the tunes your spir - it played in E - den.

Slowly ♩ = 80

*TENOR: gently swing arms forward and back,
one arm at a time (one per measure), perhaps
as an animal striding through the jungle.*

52 *rit.* **E** **Tempo I** $\text{♩} = 88$ ($\text{♩} = 132$)

E **Tempo I** $\text{♩} = 88$ ($\text{♩} = 132$)

f rit.

pp (as before)

57 **mf**

F **f** *enthusiastically*

Ze - bras and an - tel-opes, and birds of

mf colorful Solo

62

par - a - dise Shines on the face of the a -

pp

67

byss. And I am drunk with the great... wil - der - ness

72

Of the sixth day in Gen - e-sis, Gen - e-sis.

mf Solo

rit.

Stop swinging arms

77 **G** *p* With motion $\text{J} = 112$

But sound is nev - er half so fair... as when that mu - sic turns to

G *p* With motion $\text{J} = 112$

81 (cresc.) *f* *rit.*

air And the un - i-verse dies of ex - cel - lence, ex - cel - lence.

rit.

16

H *a tempo* ($\text{♩} = 112$)

85 Sun, moon and stars Fall from the heav'n - ly

H *a tempo* ($\text{♩} = 112$)

88

*, p sub.***I**

towers. Joys walk no long-er down the blue world's shore. Though fires loi-ter,

I

92

*mf**f**mf**rit.*

lights still fly on the air of the gulf. All fear a-noth-er wind, an-oth-er thun - der:

a tempo ($\text{♩} = 112$)

mf *= f* *mf* *3* *= f*

Then one more voice snuffs all their flares in one gust.

a tempo ($\text{♩} = 112$)

mf *= f* *mf* *= f*

96 **J** Tempo I $\text{♩} = 88$ ($\text{♩} = 132$)

mf

And I go forth with

J Tempo I $\text{♩} = 88$ ($\text{♩} = 132$)

mf Solo

pp (background)

102

no more wine and no more stars and no more buds and

108 **K**

no no no more E - den and no no no more an - i - mals and

K

112 *rit.* **L Slower** $\text{♩} = 100$

no no no more sea: While God sings by him-self in a-cres of night And

L Slower $\text{♩} = 100$

116 *rit.*

walls fall down that guard-ed Par - a - dise, Par - a - dise.

119 **M** **Tempo I** $\text{♩} = 88$ ($\text{♩} = 132$)

M **Tempo I** $\text{♩} = 88$ ($\text{♩} = 132$)

*Play whichever pitch the Tenor elects to sing.

125

*rit. to end***p**

ah

rit. to end

128 (rit.)

Par - a - dise! —

(rit.) cresc.

f — 3 —

f — 3 —

4'00"

3. Stranger: “Thou Inward Stranger Whom I Have Never Seen”

*Thou inward Stranger
Whom I have never seen...
Seize up my silence
Hold me in Thy Hand!*

Thomas Merton (1915–1968)

Gwyneth Walker

Slowly

Moderately slow ♩ = 88

p

When no one lis - tens To the qui - et trees

Slowly

Moderately slow ♩ = 88

p

When no one lis - tens To the qui - et trees

4

accel. poco a poco
cresc. poco a poco (to A)

When no one no - ti - ces The sun in the pool Where no one feels The first drop of rain Or

accel. poco a poco

(accel.)
(cresc.)

Faster

sees the last star Or hails the first morn - ing Of a gi - ant world Where peace be - gins and

Faster

mf

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12 (cresc.) *rit.*

[A] *a tempo* ($\text{♩} = 88$) **f**

One bird sits still

[A] *a tempo* ($\text{♩} = 88$) **f**

rit. cresc.

16 **mf**

Watch-ing the work of God: One turn-ing leaf, Two fall-ing blos-soms,

16 **mf**

3

p,

Watch-ing the work of God: One turn-ing leaf, Two fall-ing blos-soms,

p

3

20 *rit.*

[B] **With motion** ($\text{♩} = 112$)

Ten cir - cles up - on the pond.

[B] **With motion** ($\text{♩} = 112$)
flowing, as a cloud passing by

rit.

mf 3 3 3 3

mf

23

mf

One cloud up - on the hill - side,

26

Two shad - ows in the val - ley And the light strikes home.

29

poco rit. C , Slightly slower $\text{♩} = 100$

p

Now dawn com-mands the cap-ture Of the tall - est for - tune, The sur-

poco rit. C , Slightly slower $\text{♩} = 100$

(p)

f

31

8 ren - der Of no less mar - vel - ous prize!

(f)

(p)

rit.

D Tempo I ♩ = 88

33 (f)

Ah, Clo - ser and clear - er Than an - y word - y mas - ter,

D Tempo I ♩ = 88

rit.

dim.

(p)

36 cresc. poco a poco (to m. 43)

Thou in - ward Stran - ger Whom I have nev - er seen, Deep - er and cleaner Than the

cresc. poco a poco (to m. 43)

39 (cresc.) *rit.*

clam - or - ous o - cean, Seize up my si - lence Hold me in They Hand! Hold me in Thy Hand!

(cresc.) *rit.*

43 *f* (rit.) **E** *a tempo* ($\text{♩} = 88$)

Hold me in Thy Hand! Now act is waste And suf - fer - ing un -

E *a tempo* ($\text{♩} = 88$)

f (rit.)

47 *mf* *p*

done Laws be - come prod - i - gals_ Lim - its are torn down For

poco rit.

50

en - vy has no prop - er - ty — And pas - sion is none. _____

*poco rit.***F** ♩ = 8053 **f***ecstatic*

Look, the vast Light stands still _____ Our

54

clean - est — Light is One! _____

rit.

Gwyneth Walker (b. 1947)

For biographical information about the composer, please visit her Web site.
<http://www.gwynethwalker.com>

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